## MASTER 'S PROGRAMME APPLIED MATHEMATICS - IN ENGLISH

2<sup>ND</sup> YEAR OF STUDY, 2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER

<b>A</b>		
COURSE TITLE	FINANCIAL MARKET MODELLING. MARTINGALE METHODS	
COURSE CODE	MA4MPF	
COURSE TYPE	full attendance/tutorial	
COURSE LEVEL	2 <sup>nd</sup> cycle (master's degree)	
YEAR OF STUDY, SEMESTER	2 <sup>nd</sup> year of study, 2 <sup>nd</sup> semester	
NUMBER OF ECTS CREDITS	7	
NUMBER OF HOURS PER	4 (2 lecture hours + 2 seminar hours)	
WEEK		
NAME OF LECTURE HOLDER	Dr. Rotenstein Eduard-Paul	
NAME OF SEMINAR HOLDER	Dr. Rotenstein Eduard-Paul	
PREREQUISITES	Curriculum: Analysis, Optimization theory, Probability theory, Differential Equations	
	Competencies: the use of basic notions of nonlinear analysis and differential equations	
	Language: advanced level of English	
A GENERAL AND COURSE-S		
General competences:		
<ul> <li>The use of informatics resources, the efficient use of carrier development; the making of a rigorous and clear methomatical project on a given thema.</li> </ul>		
rigorous and clear mathematical project on a given theme ✓ The development of an efficient team work		
Course-specific competences:		
✓ The efficient use of notions, methods and mathematical models for economic framework		
applications		
<ul> <li>The analysis of data provided by economic and informatics models</li> </ul>		
✓ The modelling, analysis and optimization of some phenomenon and economical		
<ul> <li>processes</li> <li>✓ Mathematical modelling and simulation of of finance and banking problems</li> </ul>		
B LEARNING OUTCOMES		
✓ To build, to approximate and simulate real models which describe real financial processes using basic and advanced tools of mathematical analysis, combinatorics, probability		
theory and stochastic analysis		
<ul> <li>After successfully completing this course, the students will be able to:</li> <li>Identify and select adequate methods for solving linear and nonlinear optimization</li> </ul>		
Identify and select adequate methods for solving linear and nonlinear optimization problems, which model processes from financial markets and banking issues		
<ul> <li>Know and use basic mathematical notions and tools used for the optimization of</li> </ul>		
studied economical processes, in conformity to a minimal list related to the course		
content		
$\diamond$ Build, approximate and simulate models which describe financial processes using		
basic and advanced tools studied at this course		
C LECTURE CONTENT		
1. Basic notions of probability and stochastic analysis		
2. Ito's formula, linear stochastic differential equations		
Ŭ	3. Basics on the language and notions used in financial markets	
	<ol> <li>Cox-Ross-Rubinstein binomial model and its asymptotic behavior</li> <li>Black-Scholes model and its sensitivity indexes; the martingale approach</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Merton model, Vasicek model, Cox-Ingersoll-Ross model</li> </ol>		
8. Hull-White model, Heath-Jarrow-Morton model		
9. Forward risk neutral	martingale measures	
10. Swaps contracts		

<ul> <li>11. Inter-currency financial markets: general concepts and real models</li> <li>12. Risk analysis and default; hedging for credit financial derivatives</li> </ul>	
13. Elements of risk theorem 14. Operational time and	ry. Markov processes, Kolmogorov equations insurance models
D RECOMMENDED READING	FOR LECTURES
<ol> <li>Bremaud, P., An Intro</li> <li>Hull, J. C., Options, F</li> <li>Karatzas, I.; Shreve, N.Y,.1998</li> </ol>	oduction to Probabilistic Modeling, Springer-Verlag, 1988 Jutures and Other Derivatives, 4th ed., Prentice Hall, 1999 S.E., Brownian motion and Stochastic Calculus, Springer-Verlag, si, M., Martingale Methods in Financial Modelling, second edition,
E SEMINAR CONTENT	
	ability and stochastic analysis
2. Ito's formula, linear stochastic differential equations	
3. Basics on the language and notions used in financial markets	
4. Cox-Ross-Rubinstein binomial model and its asymptotic behavior	
5. Black-Scholes model and its sensitivity indexes; the martingale approach	
6. Fixed income markets. Classical models with compound interest rate	
7. Merton model, Vasicek model, Cox-Ingersoll-Ross model	
8. Hull-White model, Heath-Jarrow-Morton model	
9. Forward risk neutral martingale measures	
<ol> <li>Swaps contracts</li> <li>Inter-currency financial markets: general concepts and real models</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Risk analysis and default; hedging for credit financial derivatives</li> <li>Elements of risk theory. Markov processes, Kolmogorov equations</li> </ol>	
14. Operational time and insurance models	
F RECOMMENDED READING	
	S.E., Brownian motion and Stochastic Calculus, Springer-Verlag,
	si, M., <i>Martingale Methods in Financial Modelling</i> , second edition, n Heidelberg, 2005
G EDUCATION STYLE	
LEARNING AND TEACHING	Lectures: conversation, proof and problematization
METHODS	Seminars: exercises, conversations
ASSESSMENT METHODS	Course: weight in the final grade 50% (written exam, oral
	examination)
	Class activity/homework: weight in the final grade 50% (written exam, presentation of a home project)
	Minimal requirements:
	1. To identify and select correct models for solving easy
	exercises
	2. To know and correctly use basic notions and mathematical
	tools studied at this course, in order to obtain optimal solutions for different types of financial markets models
	3. To create and present a project on a given theme
	4. Minimum grade 5
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	English